

PROBING NiO LATTICE DYNAMICS BY X-RAY ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY COMBINED WITH REVERSE MONTE CARLO METHOD



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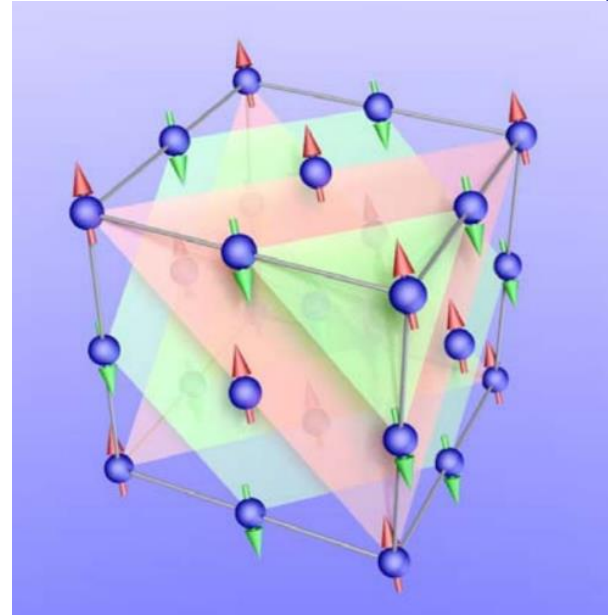
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MOTIVATION

The lattice dynamics of the Mott-Hubbard insulator NiO with a magnetic Néel phase transition at 523 K has been the subject of numerous studies for many years. Until now, the accent of most investigations has been paid to phonon frequencies.

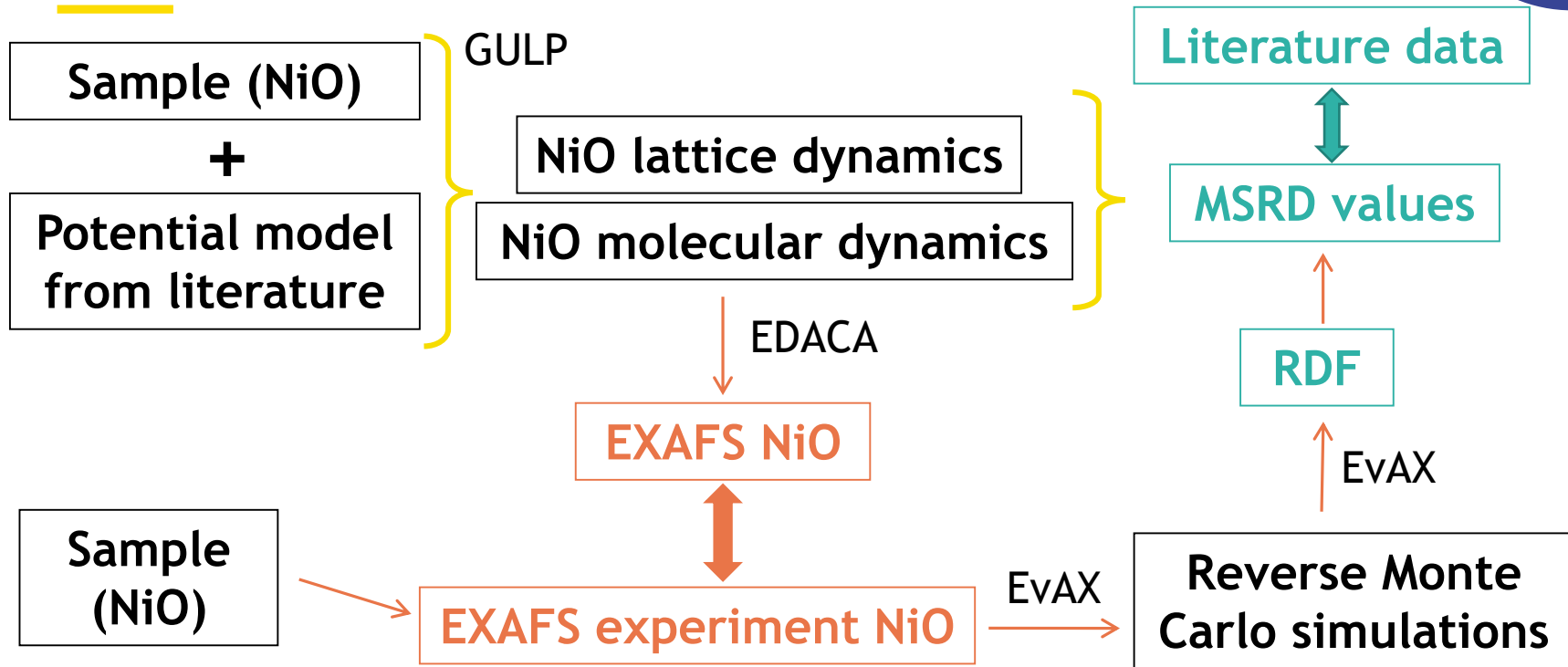
Does lattice distortion influence atomic interactions?



Antiferromagnetic structure of NiO with ferromagnetic planes, O atoms are not shown. Blue spheres - Ni atoms, arrows - spins

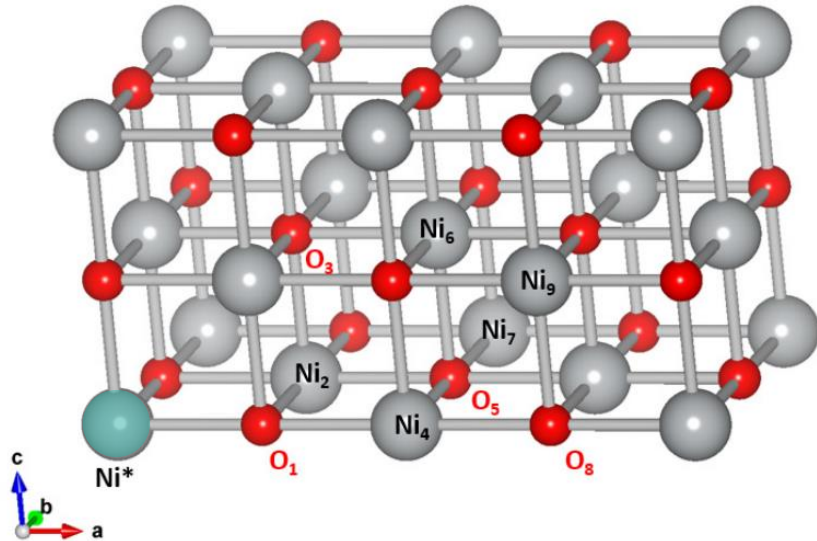


OUTLOOK



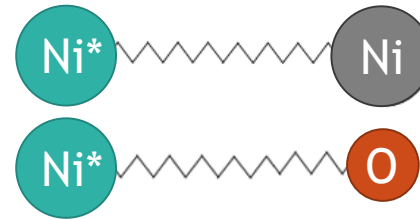


NiO STRUCTURE AND LATTICE DYNAMICS MODEL



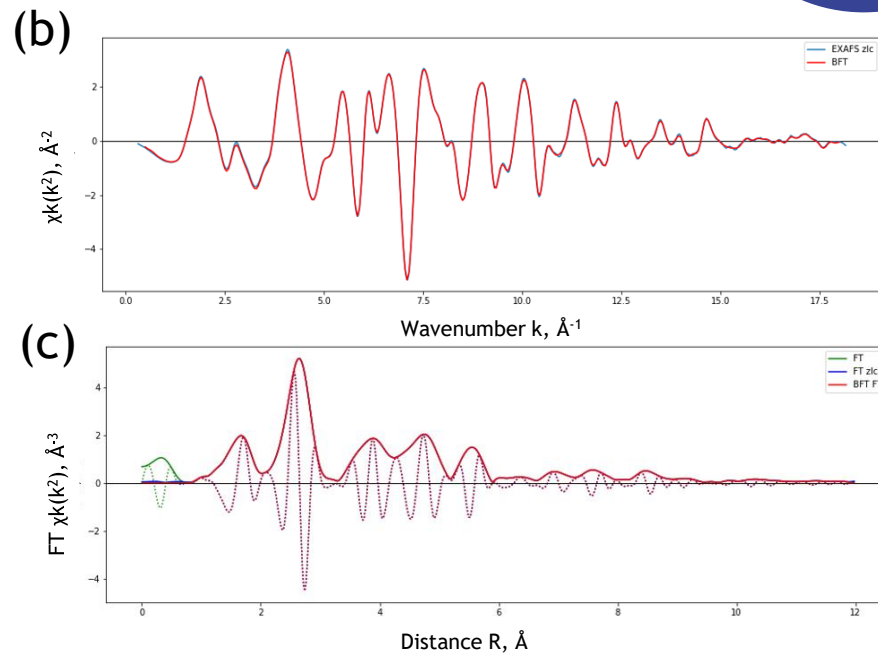
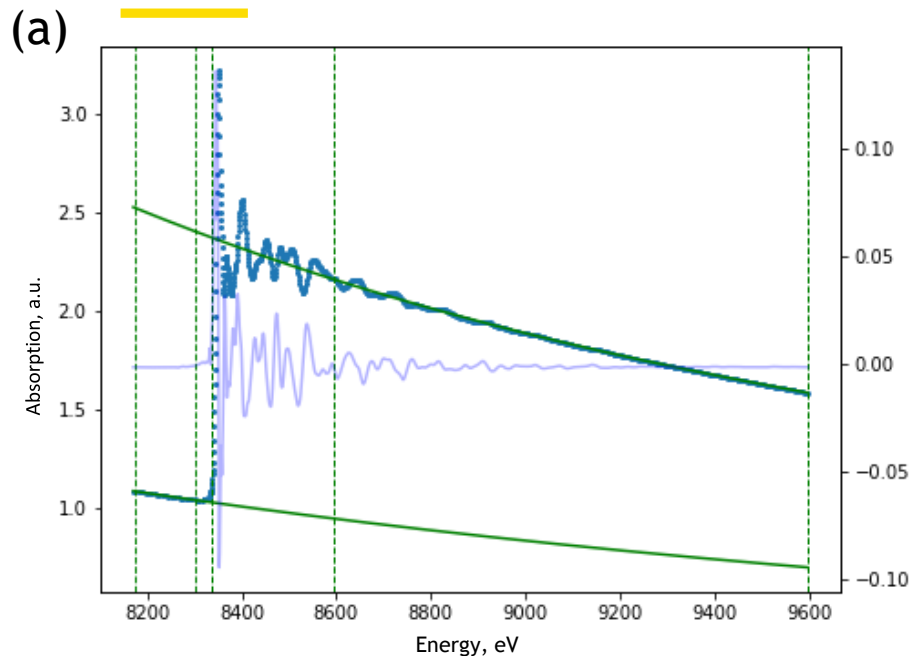
$$MSRD(NiO) = MSD(Ni) + MSD(O) - DCF(NiO)$$

DCF - correlation function





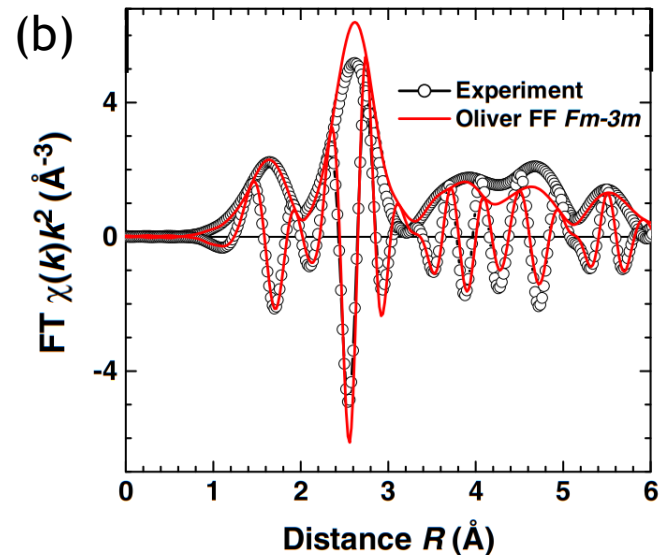
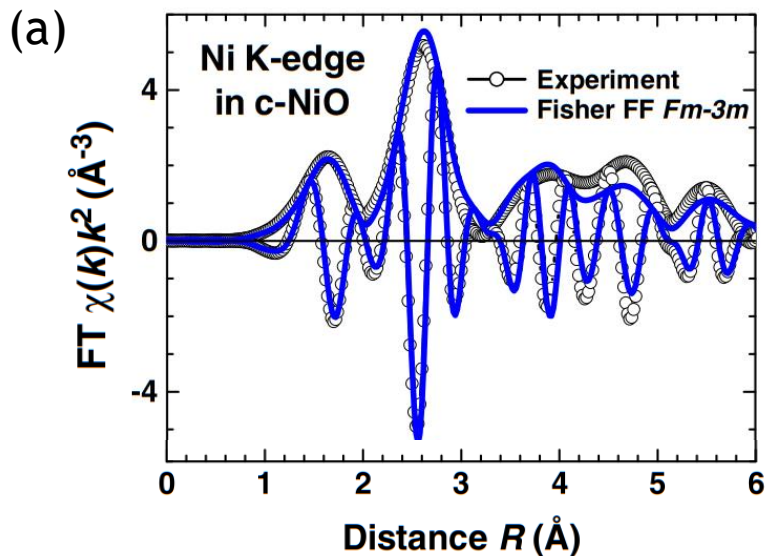
X-RAY ABSORPTION EXPERIMENT



Ni K-edge XAS of NiO at 300K (a), Ni K-edge EXAFS $\chi(k)k^2$ spectrum (b), FT of Ni K-edge EXAFS spectrum (c).



POTENTIAL MODEL FOR LATTICE DYNAMICS



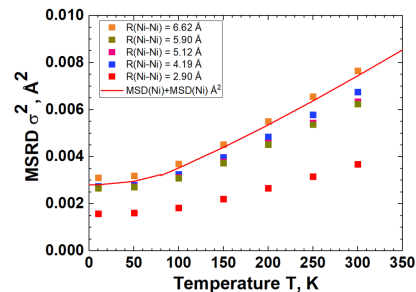
Comparison of the experimental (open circles) and MD calculated (solid line) Fourier transforms of Ni K-edge EXAFS $\chi(k)k^2$ spectra of NiO. Fisher FF potential (a) and Oliver FF potential (b).



LATTICE DYNAMICS CALCULATIONS

- ✓ Fisher potential model parameters
- ✓ Cell parameters
- ✓ Shrink factor
- ✓ Temperature

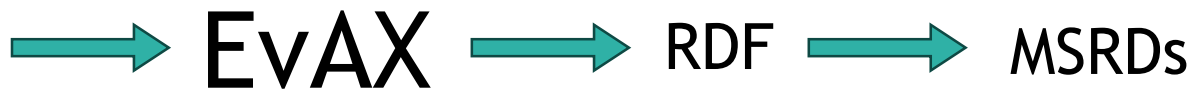
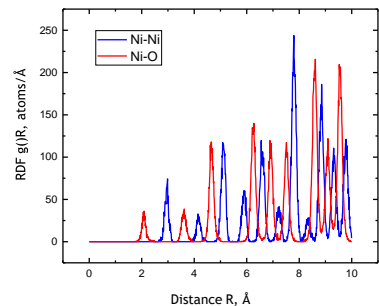
→ GULP → MSRDS



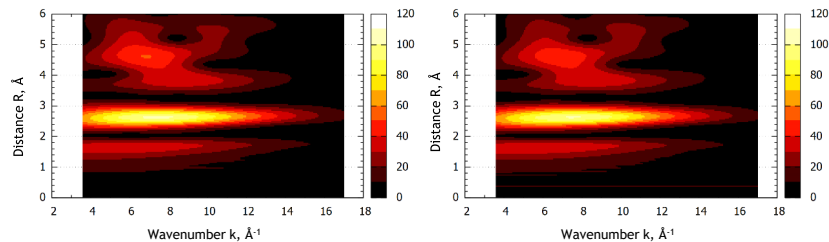


RMC SIMULATIONS OF NIO

- ✓ Experiment - Ni K-edge EXAFS spectrum
- ✓ Structure Fm-3m
- ✓ Supercell parameters (4x4x4)
- ✓ Absorbing atom - Ni

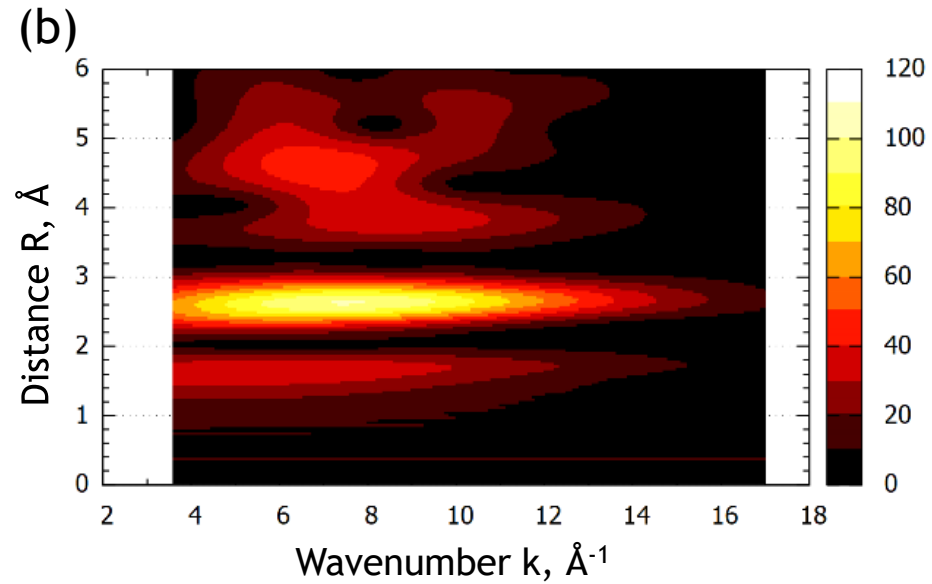
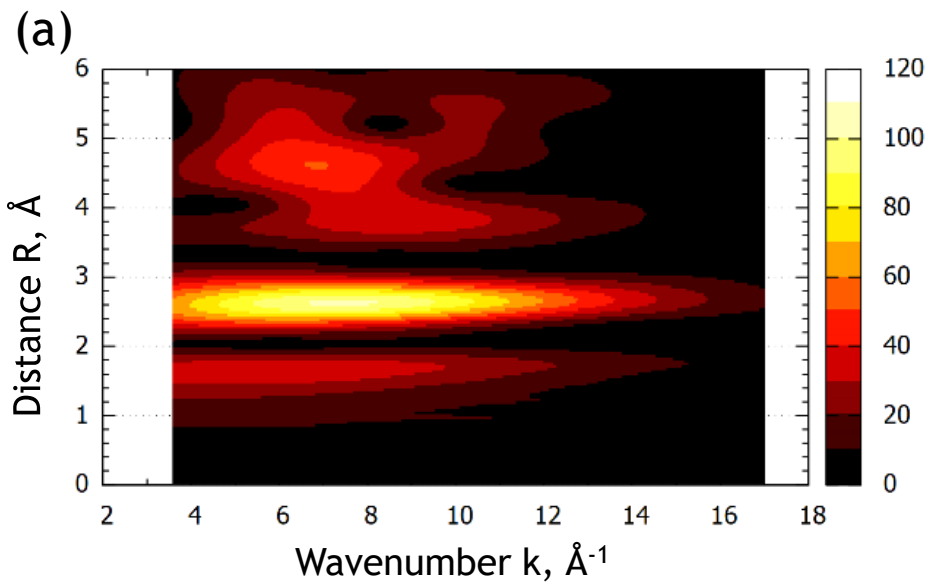


↘ Simulated EXAFS spectrum and its comparison to experiment





EXPERIMENT-MODEL RMC FIT

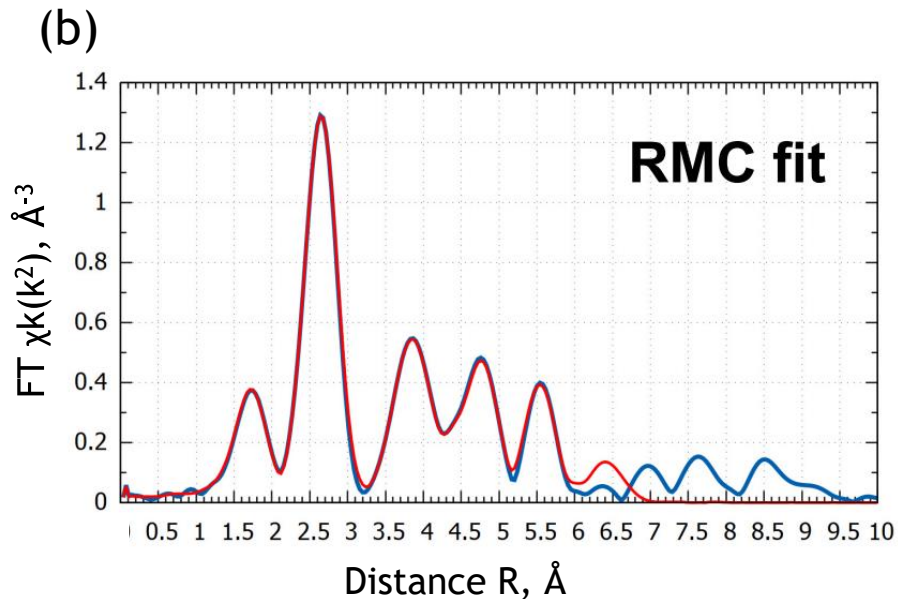
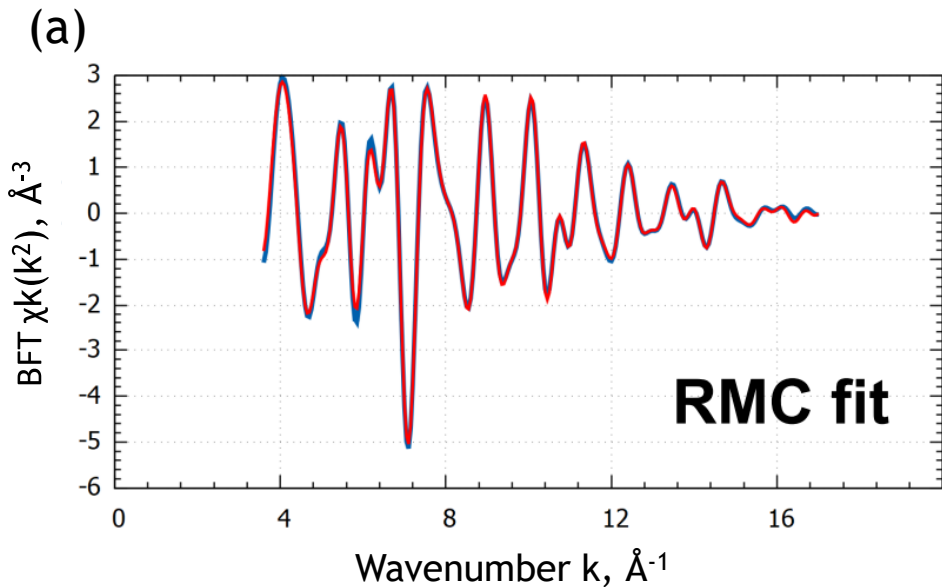


Comparison of the RMC simulated (a) and experiment (b) WT of Ni K-edge EXAFS $\chi(k)k^2$ spectra at 300 K.



EXPERIMENT-MODEL RMC FIT

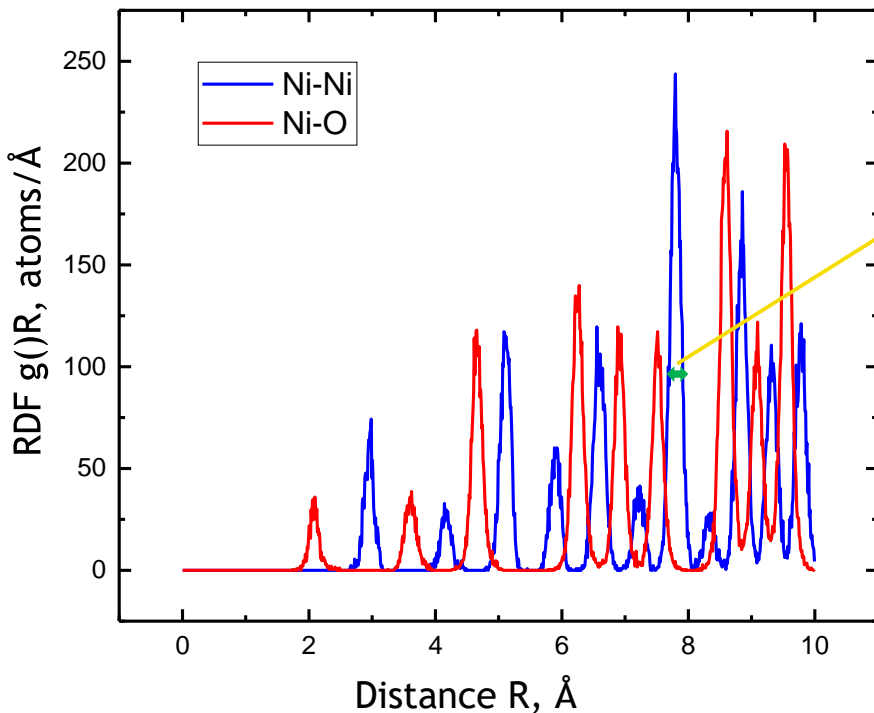
— Experiment
— Simulation



Comparison of the experimental (blue line) and RMC simulated (red lines) Ni K-edge EXAFS spectra $\chi(k)k^2$ (a) and their Fourier transforms (b) at 300 K.



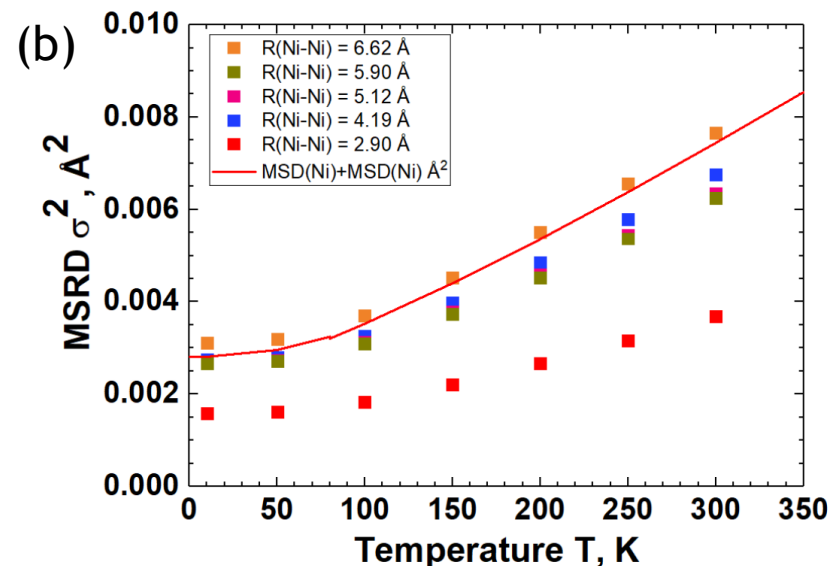
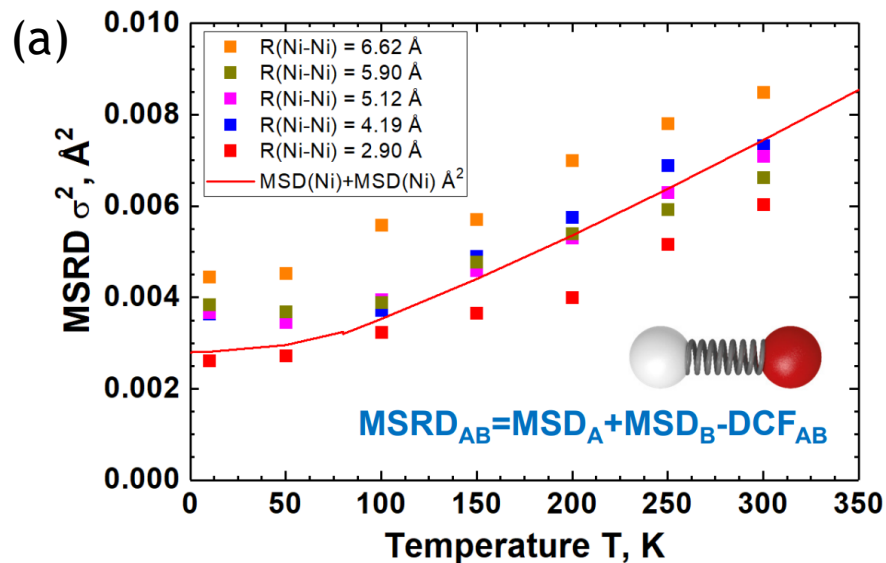
RADIAL DISTRIBUTION FUNCTIONS FROM RMC



RDF as a result of RMC simulation for Ni K-edge EXAFS $\chi(k)k^2$ spectra at 300 K.

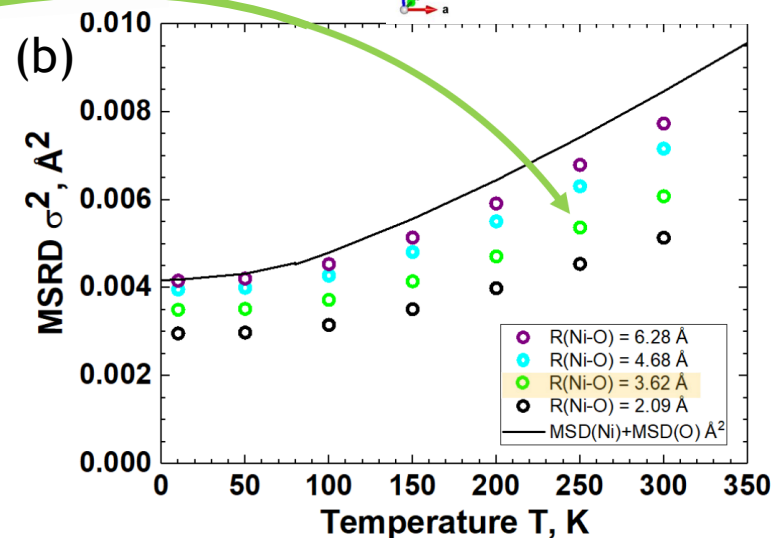
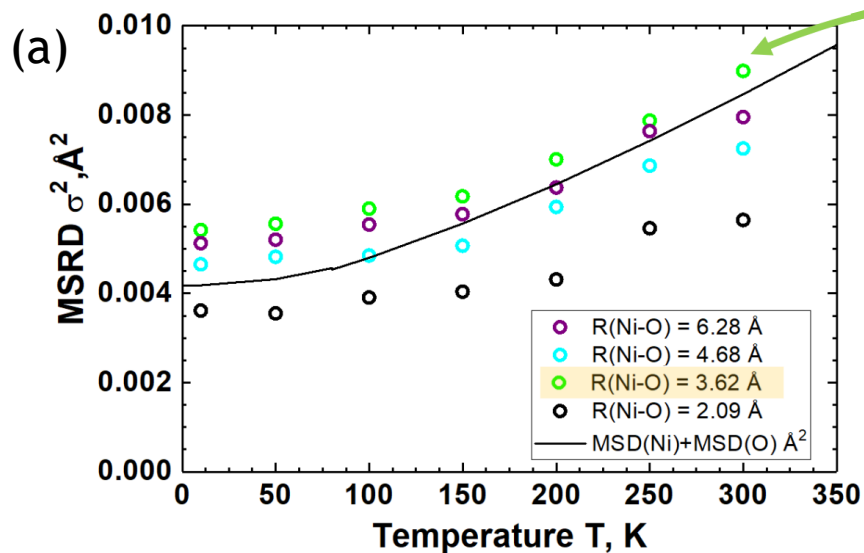
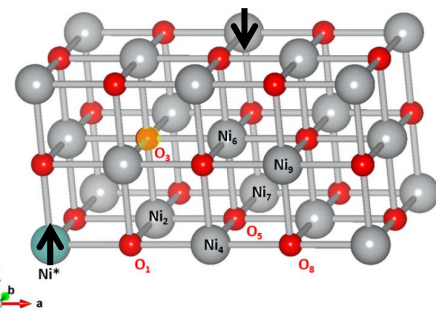


MSRD VALUES FOR Ni-Ni PAIRS



MSRD values of Ni-Ni pairs as a function of temperature. Results of the RMC simulations (a) and lattice dynamics calculations (b).

MSRD VALUES FOR Ni-O PAIRS



MSRD values of Ni-O pairs as a function of temperature. Results of the RMC simulations (a) and lattice dynamics calculations (b).



CONCLUSIONS

- Reverse Monte Carlo simulations describe the Ni K-edge EXAFS spectra of NiO better than molecular dynamics calculations.
- For large interatomic distances ($>5-6 \text{ \AA}$), the correlation in atomic motion for the Ni-Ni and Ni-O pairs is reduced, as expected.
- Nevertheless, the correlation of atomic motion is also significantly reduced between the Ni and O3 atoms located along the $\langle 111 \rangle$ crystallographic direction.



THANK YOU!



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